CORE PATH NETWORK DESCRIPTION

Facts and figures

This first CPN, shown in Plan 4 opposite, is 130 miles (210km) in length – this includes 15 miles (24km) of water path. The network directly serves the majority of communities across West Lothian. All communities can reach a core path by other paths or roadside pavements. Together they provide the connectivity for the path network of the district.

It is anticipated that of the proposed non-water CPN paths, 80% will be accessible by cyclists, 40% by horse riders and 50% by those who are less able. However, in accordance with the spirit of the SOAC, the council is not recommending or discouraging use of paths to particular users. It is for everyone to make their own judgment as to whether they can use a path responsibly.

The experience

This first CPN is focused on the major paths through and near to the densest population areas in the district. Although recreational use is a feature, walking or cycling for health or to go to school, shops and work are as important. As a consequence, many paths have an urban or urban fringe setting. However, some such as the Round the Forth Cyclepath, the River Avon Heritage Trail and the East Whitburn to Stoneyburn path pass through attractive interesting countryside.

Opportunities and constraints

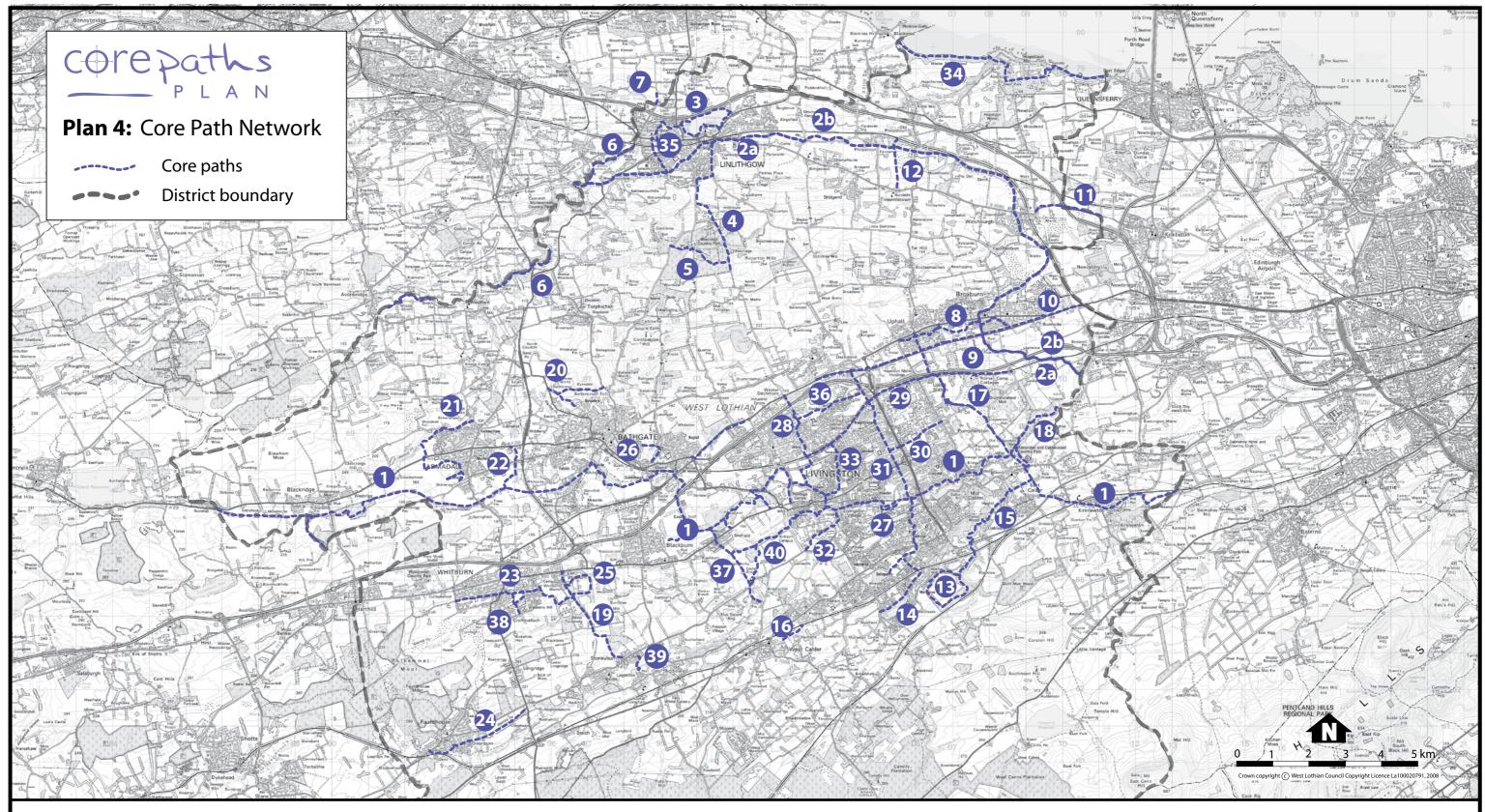
Highlighted by the series of public consultations undertaken between 2005 and 2007, it is clear that improvements to some of the routes is now needed. This work will be carried out over the next four years, as will the introduction of a more proactive maintenance regime. In addition, on adoption of this first plan work will begin on preparing for the first review to ensure that, through this and subsequent reviews, the vision summarised by the Core Path Diagram (Plan 3 on page 13) is achieved.

PATH DESCRIPTION

There now follows a route by route description of each of the 40 Candidate Core Paths that make up the first West Lothian DCPP. For each path the route is described as well as the surface and features. The experience of using them is summarised as well as any management issues that users should be aware of.



orepaths



- 1 National Cycle Path 75
- a) Union Canal Water Pathb) Union Canal Towpath
- 3 Linlithgow Loch Circular
- 4 Linlithgow to Beecraigs Link
- 5 Beecraigs East/West Path
- 6 River Avon Heritage Trail
- 7 Fisher's Brae
- 8 Brox Burn Path
- 9 Uphall Station to Roman Camp

- 10 Bathgate to Newbridge Cycle Path
- 11 Winchburgh to Kirkliston
- 12 Threemiletown to Old Philpstoun
- 13 Linhouse Circular
- 14 Murieston Trail
- 15 East Calder, Calderwood and Linhouse Path
- 16 West Calder to Polbeth
- 17 Uphall to East Calder
- 18 Feeder Canal Path
- 19 East Whitburn to Stoneyburn

- 20 Ballencrief Toll and Balbardie Paths
- 21 Armadale Round Town Path north and west
- 22 Armadale Round Town Path east
- 23 Whitburn Town Path
- 24 Fauldhouse Rail Path
- 25 Whitrigg Circular
- 26 Puir Wife's Brae
- 27 River Almond Water Path
- 28. Livingston Nell Burn Path
- 29 Livingston Railway Path

- 30 Livingston Harrysmuir Path
- 31 Livingston Loan Path
- 32 Livingston Killandean Path
- 33 Livingston Folly Burn Path
- 34 Round the Forth Cycleway (NCN 76)
- 35 Linlithgow Loch to Union Canal Link
- 36 Dechmont Law Link
- 37 RiverAlmond to Breich Water
- 38 Blaeberry Circular
- 39 Stoneyburn Loganlea
- 40 Almond Valley Path